

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE, EDITOR.

VOLUME X. NO. 140.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.
FOR PRESIDENT,
MARTIN VAN BUREN.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
RICHARD M. JOHNSON.

FOR ELECTORS AT LARGE

HON. NATHAN WILLIS, of Pittsfield.
Hon. SETH WHITMARSH, of Sekonk.
FOR DISTRICT
No. 1, CALEB EDDY, of Boston.
2, ROBERT RANTOUL, of Beverly.
3, JOSEPH KITTREDGE, of Andover.
4, FRANCIS TUTTLE, of Acton.
5, SAMUEL TAYLOR, of Sutton.
6, SAMUEL C. ALLEN, of Northfield.
7, JOSEPH FITCH, of New Marlborough.
8, HARVEY CHAPIN, of Springfield.
9, BENJAMIN P. WILLIAMS, of Roxbury.
10, NATHAN C. BROWNELL, of Westport.
11, THOMAS MANDELL, of New Bedford.
12, JABEZ P. THOMPSON, of Halifax.

FOR GOVERNOR,
MARCUS MORTON.
FOR LT. GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM FOSTER.

Important to Housekeepers.
THE SUBSCRIBER at No. 8 Milk street, 4th from the Old South Church, offers to dress or purify feathers with Reynolds' Patent Machine. It is said that old beds that have been thoroughly dressed in the above named machine, are better than new that have not been dressed. Rights to use the Machine in the counties of Suffolk, Norfolk, Middlesex and Essex, are for sale by the subscriber.

JACOB SMITH.

Boston, May 2, 1836.
About six months since I examined Mr Smith's Machine for purifying feathers, and being satisfied that it must produce the effect for which it was intended, I sent a bed to be purified—and the result was excellent. In the course of time, upholsterers, four times in four successive years, without any lasting effect. The process of Mr Smith's machine upon this bed has proved completely effected. The bed continues to be in perfect order, and the bulk of the feathers is permanently increased 25 per cent.

F. EMERSON.

CAUTION.—Notice is hereby given, that the patent granted to me for ceasing and dressing feathers, dated February 7, 1834, has been renewed with a more specific specification, and is now to the extent Congress in such case made and provided—and is now re-issued, dated October 17th, 1835, and has been submitted to the examination of learned counsel who have pronounced it to be valid, and the invention well secured to the patentee. Now, therefore, this is to caution all persons against using without my license and consent, my invention, or any of the different modifications of it, with which some portions of the community have been deceived by designing men who prefer pilfering to an honest livelihood, as I am determined to prosecute all infringements on my right, to the full extent and utmost rigor of the law.

GEORGE REYNOLDS, Patentee.

East Hartford April 15, 1836. Dr JONATHAN MOORE.

May 7

—**BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.**
BUCKSKINS, SUMMER GOODS, &c.

CONANT, THAYER & CO., No. 55 Washington street. Offer for Sale, at low prices, by the piece or yard, Lined and Unlined CLOTHES, &c., just imported:—

Extra fine Blue, Black, Brown, Olive, Claret, Green, Mauve, R. Adele, Invisible Green, Dahlia, Violet and Purple.

London and French BROADCLOTHS.

German and American BROADCLOTHS.

London and American CASSIMERES, &c.

GATES, FIRE FRAMES, STOVES, &c.

WILLIAM FERRY & CO. have on hand, and offer for

sale, at their old stand, under the Meeting House, 22 School street, Boston, a large and splendid assortment of

Grates, Fire Frames, Stoves, Hollow and Tin Ware, Coal Pots, &c., Iron, &c.—among which are some impor-

tant articles—such as apples, pears, peaches, plums &c.

Also—several cases of Pocket Locking Glasses, calculated

for exportation.

Also—a large assortment of Beads of every description and color, and a large assortment of Tays—which they offer for

sale, by wholesale and retail, at their store, No. 45 Cornhill

corner Market st.

CURRIER AND TROTTER.

No. 159 Washington street, opposite the Old South

Church, and two doors south of School Street,

EAST JUST RECEIVED and offered for sale, a very

large assortment of CLOTHES, &c., just imported:—

Extra fine Blue, Black, Brown, Olive, Claret, Green, Mauve, R. Adele, Invisible Green, Dahlia, Violet and Purple.

London and French BROADCLOTHS.

German and American BROADCLOTHS.

London and American CASSIMERES, &c.

FEARLESS MADE CLOTHING.

J. SLEET, No. 6 Congress Square,

OFFERS for sale very reasonable terms, a large as-

sortment of Ready made Clothing, adapted to the presen-

and coming season, among which are—

Plain and Striped Cambric Wrappers;

Brocade, Camlet, and Plain Shirts;

Dress Coats and Frocks; of fashionble colors;

Pantaloons and Vests of all kinds.

—Constantly on hand—

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, COAT-

INGS, &c.

Off French, German, English and American manufacture, of the best fabrics, and most fashionable styles.

Up Garments as usual, made to order in the finest manner, and perfectly fitted warranted.

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READY

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM ENGLAND.

By the ship Star, Capt. Glover, at New York, Liverpool papers to the 8th ult., have been received. Their contents are not of much interest.

The French Government has issued a decree forbidding the exportation of arms and ammunition from France, except under special license; the object is to prevent Don Carlos from receiving his supplies from that country.

Frankfort papers to the 30th of March have been received. On the 26th, the President of the Senate informed the legislative body that Great Britain had consented to annul the commercial treaty of 1832, and that Frankfort was now a member of the German Commercial Confederacy.

Paris papers to the evening of the 4th, had been received in London. The western ports of France had suffered the most in the recent gale. Caneaux alone had sustained a loss of 100,000 francs, in fishing boats.

The accounts from Bayonne, of the 31st March, state that Cordova was at Vitoria on the 26th, with 20,000 men. The Carlists were then in occupation of Salvatierra, Salinas, Ubedia, and other points, with 24 battalions.

We are authorised to contradict the assertion, which comes through the French papers, that orders "to wage war" against the Carlists have been forwarded to the commanders of our ships on the coast of Spain; although more active co-operation is allowed in certain cases.—*Globe.*

On the 7th a dreadful explosion took place in a large building of the suburb of the Turkish capital, in which 460 artificers and others had been employed during 40 days, in preparing fireworks for the marriage of the Sultan's second daughter with Said Pacha. Eighty dead bodies were removed from under the ruins on the first day, and it was feared the loss of lives was much greater. The rejoicings for the marriage were to commence on the 16th of April, and last 15 days.

The story of Don Miguel's having embarked for Spain turns out to be all moonshine.

Letters from Vienna, received in Paris, spoke of the recall to St. Petersburg of the Russian Ambassador, M. De Tatischeff; on account, it was supposed, either of its being suspected that he had some share in the publication of certain documents which have appeared in the *Portfolio*, or of his having figured in some one of them in a way which has occasioned the displeasure of the Russian Emperor.

The Revenue accounts for the quarter ending the 5th of April, shew an increase both in the quarter and the year.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, April 7.—The sales since Friday amount to 1300 bales. At 13 vessels from the United States, 1 from Maranham, and 1 from Bombay—Prices lowered 1d per lb.

FROM FLORIDA.

By the latest news from Florida, contained in the Savannah Georgian of the 3d of May, it appears the three divisions of the army, in their return from Tampa, have again failed in encountering the Indians.

The steam packet Florida, Capt. Hubbard, arrived at Savannah, May 2d, from Picolata via Jacksonville, freighted with the corps of Capt. Robinson and Bone. Major Pemberton, senior editor of the Augusta Chronicle, who was a passenger, came direct from Fort Drane, having been with the army on the route to and from Tampa.

The division of the army under Gen. Clinch left Tampa April 14th for Fort Drane. On the 18th, after a slight skirmish of the advance with a party of Indians in a hammock, who retreated as usual on being charged, the Gen. joined Major Cooper and his detachment, who, it will be recollect, were left with the wounded and a field piece, and a strong position upon a hill, adjoining a pond. Major Cooper informed them that three or four days after Gen. Scott's departure, they were attacked by a considerable body of the Indians, who were repulsed by the brave Georgians. The Indians renewed their attack upon Major Cooper for thirteen days successively, but without doing other injury than killing one private.

Gen. Clinch then returned back on an Indian trail for two miles, and hearing the canon of Col. Lindsay, fired at 10 A. M. as a signal, continued his march, and before evening came up with that officer's division, encamped on the Great Withlacoochee. They had suffered much from sickness, but were recovering. Col. Lindsay had also left Tampa, April 14th, and while crossing the Hillsboro river, was attacked by a party of Indians, who killed one of his men, Mr James Branham, son of Dr. B. of Putnam county, Geo.

Gen. Clinch then proceeded to Fort King, while Col. Lindsay returned to Tampa. On their march to Fort King, where they arrived April 25th, Gen. Clinch fell in with 200 head of cattle.

Maj. Cooper's battalion was left at Fort Drane on the 27th.

Gen. Scott had reached Picolata via Volusia, to which latter place he accompanied Gen. Eustis.

By the Jacksonville Courier extra, of April 28th, we learn that previous to the return of Gen. Clinch, an attack had been made on Fort Drane, April 20th, at 2 o'clock, A. M. by 50 mounted Indians. They were repulsed, and carried off with them three of Gen. Clinch's negroes, and four of Col. Humphrey's, and 17 horses.

The *Withlacoochee*.—The mouth of this river has been recently explored by a detachment of sixty volunteers, under the command of Major McLemore, and the important fact ascertained, that the channel has four feet water.—The Cedar Keys are twenty miles north, have a good harbor, &c. A strong block house has been erected there, and garrisoned by forty men.

Further from Peru.—We omitted to state yesterday, in our news from Lima, which was received via Panama, that the corvette Santa Cruz, (formerly the bark S. E. Burrows,) was dispatched to Islay, for the purpose of conveying Gen. Santa Cruz to Lima.

The schooner Olivia, of Boston, which was sold to General Obregosa, and armed with five guns, and commanded by Captain Freeman, a British officer, has been captured by one of Salaverry's brigs, of 10 guns, after an action of one hour and 40 minutes—in which Capt. Freeman was killed, and 40 others of his crew, chiefly Americans, and English. They had attempted to board, but the wind died away.—The whole fleet of Salaverry have since surrendered.—*N. Y. Star.*

From Brazil.—The New York Commercial has files of the *Jornal do Comercio* of Rio Janeiro, of the 24th of March, inclusive. They contain no intelligence of interest. No engagement had yet taken place in Rio Grande, where Bento Goncalves still maintains his position, with twelve hundred men, but the forces of the government are said to be gaining strength, and the general aspect of affairs is represented to be more cheering than it was at previous advices.

From Smyrna.—We have Smyrna papers to Feb. 27th containing advices from Athens to the 18th. King Otho was on a visit to Syria. New troubles are stated to have broken out in Roumelia. Advices from Alexandria to Feb. 13th, bring information that the Plague was making progress in Upper Egypt. Alexandria was healthy. Some cases of Plague were occurring at Constantinople.—*Journal of Commerce*, Tuesday evening.

Fatal Accident.—We have in the Carlisle (Md.) Herald the details of another fatal accident, the result of carelessness in the use of fire-arms. A Mr Shaw, residing about three miles from that borough, carried home with him, from a militia muster, on Monday last, a loaded gun, and while in the act of adjusting a cap, the contents were lodged in the head of his wife, standing near, producing instant death—thus adding one more to the long list of (vain) warnings against the careless use of fire-arms.

From Valparaiso.—Among the passengers in the ship Florida, lately arrived at this port from Valparaiso, is Rear Admiral C. W. Wooster, of the Chilean navy; having been absent from his native country nineteen years. Mr. W. is a native of Connecticut.—*N. Y. Com. Ad.*

Serious Occurrence.—Seuh Gee, Esq., was thrown from his gig on Friday afternoon, his shoulder dislocated, the bridge of his nose broken, and other parts of his person seriously bruised, by a violent contact with a large wagon which was wantonly driven against his gig whilst he was stopping by the side of the third avenue, conversing with a friend.—*N. Y. Times.*

Jubal Harrington is out in the last Worcester Republican with additional abuse of Mr Henshaw, adopting the epithets applied by the Whig papers, and following the style, as he will probably reach the end, of John B. Derby and the old Boston Bulletin. We shall not follow his example in the use of hard names—the facts we have are hard enough. The disappointment in not getting a place in the Boston Custom House, the spoils being all he cares for, is the reason of his rancour against Mr Henshaw.—He denies having sold his pretensions to office for money, but yet the fact remains the same as before, and every one will readily concede that he who will traffic in this way would be very likely to deny it, if he thought the denial would serve him.

Mr Harrington, some years since, to show his gratitude to the Postmaster General, for the office at Worcester, as soon as he got his commission in his pocket, came out in his paper and denounced that officer. He has been industriously, though secretly, at work for some years, in fomenting dissensions in the Democratic ranks, endeavoring to create jealousies between the town and country Democrats; but we are sure that his labors have had but a limited influence; and now that he has dropped his mask, he will be rightly understood.

He attempts to turn our remarks about the Loco Focos into an attack against the mechanics—he makes a man of straw of his own with which to frighten them. When we spoke of the Loco Focos, we meant such workingmen as Jubal Harrington—men who cry out against monopolies, and belong to the worst of monopolies, the monopoly of the law. When such men, mere drones, assume the garb of workmen, all perceive the mask of the hypocrite.

Mr Harrington denies that he knew Mr Henshaw intended to resign. But this is a mere quibble. The paper we spoke of was got up by Harrington, who went from member to member, getting signers; and it had special reference to the resignation of the Collector, in these words:

"They [the signers to the paper] earnestly request that, in case of any vacancy in any important office, occasioned by resignation or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature, the [State] Committee above designated may have the opportunity to communicate such information as may be desired, they being the organs designated by the party to which this wish is addressed."

Notwithstanding the efforts of Mr Harrington to injure the party, because he did not get the office he had *gained* for, still a good feeling exists in their ranks, and he will yet find the difference between an honest support of correct principles and mere knavish trickery to obtain a living by office.

The Democrats are carrying the day everywhere.—Old Virginia has toed the mark manfully, and left Whigery in a most forlorn condition in the Ancient Dominion. Every effort in the power of man to make has been made by the opposition to gain the ascendancy there—but it was all fruitless—Democracy is triumphant—the new Legislature will contain a considerably larger majority of members favorable to the general administration than that chosen last year, and Governor Tazewell resigned in just time enough to prevent his being, &c. Rhode Island has done nobly—the Democratic majority in joint committee of her two legislative branches is twenty-two. It is as hard to find a Whig there as it is to catch an Indian in Florida, Maine, New Hampshire and Connecticut train in the same company, and Massachusetts will enlist next Fall.

The Hon. Caleb P. Bennett, Governor of the State of Delaware, died on Monday evening, after much severe suffering, in the 78th year of his age. The duties of the office devolve upon Charles Polk, Speaker of the Senate, and formerly Governor of the State.

The Diorama.—The magnificent Picture of the Destruction of Jerusalem, painted on two thousand feet of canvas, is attracting a great many visitors, who declare it the most grand, sublime, and interesting painting they ever beheld.

We learn from Portland, that Mrs Gardner, an elderly lady of that city, recently died from the excessive use of lemon peel—she has for many years "taken the entire quantity" from several hotels.

Governor Cannon of Tennessee, has issued a Proclamation, calling for 30 companies of volunteers, to support the movements of Gen Gaines in defence of the South Western frontier.

We think that Webb's repeated and dastardly assaults upon Mr Bennett, a man so inferior to himself in strength, are among the most cowardly and disgraceful transactions upon record.

The Steamboat Science collapsed her flues at Evansville, (Ind.) on the 25th ult. One person is missing, and several others were severely scalded.

The New York Gazette of Tuesday says—"It was, we learn, part of the Neapolitan and not the French claim, which arrived in the ship Havre as announced yesterday."

Virginia.—Seventy-one Van Buren Delegates are elected, and fifty-four Whigs. Five Counties to be heard from.

The New Yorkers talk of buying Dr Spring's Church for a Post Office—The trustees have voted to sell for \$150,000.

Booth is in town. He has been engaged by Barrymore, who will open the Lion on Monday.

Mrs Lewis astonished all beholders on Tuesday evening in the *Pas de Deux* between her and Miss M'Brine.

The people at the Tremont eat salmon yesterday—didn't they, Setson?

The mutineers on board the bark Niagara, have been ordered to be tried at Richmond (Va.) on the 22d inst.

Two "fan-tailed pigeons" were to make a balloon ascent at Savannah on the 3d inst.

Corporation of New York.—The new Common Council were sworn in this day, and it turns out that the two political parties in that body form a tie. They are at the present balloting in both Boards for a President, and after having balloted a dozen times in each Board, the votes stand as in the first Ballot, eight for the Jackson candidate, and the same number for the Whig.—*Journal of Commerce*, Tuesday evening.

The late Charles Matthews's will is proved, and probate taken under £3000. He has left to his wife all his property, for life, provided she supported his son, and did not re-marry: in that case half went to her absolutely and half to the son. The widow renounced, so Charles proved the will.

Naval.—The U. S. sloop of war *Concord*, sailed from Pensacola for Tampa Bay, on Friday, 15th ult. We understand, says the Pensacola Gazette, that she is to re-leave the Vandala, now lying in that harbor.

Fatal Affray.—We learn that two lads, residents of Old Town, had a pugilistic encounter, one day last week, in which one of them received so much injury, that he has since occasioned his death.—*Balt. Pat.*

Serious Occurrence.—Seuh Gee, Esq., was thrown from his gig on Friday afternoon, his shoulder dislocated, the bridge of his nose broken, and other parts of his person seriously bruised, by a violent contact with a large wagon which was wantonly driven against his gig whilst he was stopping by the side of the third avenue, conversing with a friend.—*N. Y. Times.*

River St Lawrence.—The navigation is opened at Montreal, and several boats arrived on the 4th from their winter quarters. It was expected that the water would be let into the Lachine canal on the 5th.

WANTED.—A lad in a Jewelry Store—one who has

some knowledge of the business would be preferred.—Good recommendations will be required—apply at this office, May 11—12.

WANTED.—A journeyman Watchmaker—a line ad-

dressed to 60, American House, previous to Friday, at 5 o'clock, P. M., naming terms and where to be found, will meet with immediate attention. None need apply except a good workman who can give good recommendation.

May 12

W. M. BARNICOAT, Chf. Engin'r.

POLICE COURT.

Mind how you call Negroes "NIGGERS!"—A colored gem'man, of a very stiff upper-lip aspect, was up for an assault, and at first pleaded not guilty. The defendant, whom we shall call *Colonel Toupet*, because he flourished a formidable "toppy," as the vulgar have it—had enjoyed for many years the distinguished honor of being on gentle terms with another gem'man of color, what sported blue specks on nose; but in an unguarded moment, he remarked that Squire Specks' wife and children were better than just so many niggers." Some mischief-making eaves-dropper carried the scandalous insinuation to Squire Specks, who thereupon waxed exceeding wrath, and indignantly resolved to cut the Colonel's acquaintance, and most provokingly refused to know, how, nod, wink, or grin at him in the streets, if he happened to meet him. Colonel Toupet was a man of an excitable temperament, and could not, and would not, brook Squire Specks' cool disdain, but preferred open hostilities—a fair fight, and final reconciliation. With this ultimately benevolent intention, the next time he met the Squire, he replied to his "cut direct," by a slap-dash thump in his chops, which entirely split him lengthwise into the middle of the street. After the case was proved against Toupet beyond all hope of defense, he retracted his plea of not guilty, paid a fine of \$5.00 and costs, and departed pretty well satisfied with his end of the bargain.

John Hardin, that good-natured, but incorrigible and veteran victim of anti-temperance policy, was stretched across Salem street, reposing in peace, when one of those meddlesome fellows, "who are in every body's mess, and nobody's watch"—the tip-staves—overhauled him. John being suddenly aroused from a sound sleep, was of course a little snappish—who wouldn't be? and showed fight. He was taken to Court, and the old service was chanted over to him, ending with the chorus of "common drunkard, and an evil example to all others in like manner to offend."

"I'm not a common drunkard, as I understand it—I suppose I can do as I like with my own. Whatever I drink I think, to be sure all I ain't drink I drink. I know I drink; you needn't tell me that; but what I look at is this—I drink my own, and hurt no person. I earn the money before I drink it; and if you can make a common drunkard of me for only doing that, why I suppose you must, that's all." His Honor did not dare to meet John on the ground of argument, but sent him over for five months.

Mary Canally—a dark-eyed beauty, that used to be

worn up for the first time yesterday for imbibing the blue ruin. She stoutly denied having tasted of the spirit for three days, and on the last occasion only took a little because her stomach was weak; and in proof that she was not under the influence of liquor, while on trial, she requested one of the by-standers, whose curiosity had led him rather too close to her, to "smell her breath;" and as he was not very forward to accept the invitation, she followed him half round the bar, and finally backed him, with his hands uplifted for a *pend*, off, up against the railing. She was convicted, and sentenced for three months, but as she had two very young children, execution was suspended, to give her an opportunity to reform. She expressed her thanks to his Honor for his lenity, in apt phrase, but also vented a most unseemly threat against the complainant.

Theatrical Fracas.—Mr Thomas Barry, Manager of the Tremont Theatre, and Mr Charles Crafts, the Box-keeper, have severally entered complaints against Paul Christian and William Reed, both of the Tremont Orchestra, for assaults committed on the complainants, in the Box Office, and Tremont street, on Monday night last. The defendants appeared yesterday, and pleaded not guilty. The examination was postponed till this afternoon.—James L. English, Esq. appears as Counsel for the complainants, and John C. Park, Esq. for the defense.

NOTWITHSTANDING—The Warren Fire Association, lately attached to Eagle Hotel, on Monday evening, May 9th, 1836, the following Preamble and Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, the citizens of Charlestown, in Town Meeting assembled, have seen fit to appoint certain individuals to the station of Selectmen, which persons have evinced a disposition to make use of the power thus delegated to them by the people, to oppress and injure their constituents;

Whereas, the late high-handed measures adopted by the present Selectmen to the discharge of our duty.

Resolved, That it has always been our aim to give satisfaction to the inhabitants of this town, and have, on several occasions, received the thanks of the citizens for our alacrity and usefulness in the discharge of our duty.

Resolved, That a part of the members of our Association were publicly apprised at the last Town Meeting, in the face of which approbation the Selectmen disbanded the whole Association before they left the Hall.

Resolved, That in our opinion the disbanding of our Association may be principally attributed to the circumstance, that in the assault of Dr. Walker, of this town, on the Boston Fire Department, a difference arose between Arthur W. Austin and Paul Willard, on the one side, and the present Foreman and late Foreman on the other—the former individuals taking the part of the assailant, who was convicted by his country.

Resolved, That Arthur W. Austin and Paul Willard having now unfortunately come into power, can find no ready way of revenging themselves, than by disbanding our Association.

Resolved, That the many attempts of certain individuals of this town to injure the members of the Boston Fire Department, should receive the disapprobation of all honest and well informed citizens.

Resolved, That in the

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION

Will be sold on the premises of the **PEDFORD.**

On Saturday, the 14th inst., at 4 o'clock, P.M.
—without reserve.

The Mansion House and out-buildings, consisting of stable, carriage-house, &c., all in good repair, with a great variety of valuable choice fruit trees on the same of the best selection. Said Estate is pleasantly situated, on the Old Road leading to the city, nearly opposite the Mansion House of Mrs. Tidd, and about three minutes walk from the center of the village. Said Estate is bounded on the Middlesex Canal, which has a never-failing well of water of the softest and purest kind. Location is one of the pleasantest in the town of Medford; and for a country residence is not surrounded by any in the vicinity.

For further particulars, inquire of

SAMUEL BLANCHARD, Auctioneer,
Conditions at sale,
Medford, May 6th, 1836. epistis

FOR SALE.

A Valuable Estate in the city, either to occupy as a Gentleman's Country Seat or to divide into Building Lots

On MONDAY, the 23d day of May next, at 4 o'clock, P.M., will be sold by auction, or otherwise, the pleasantly situated MANSION HOUSE, together with about 3 acres Land, fronting on the main road leading from Boston to Brookline, with a good Stable, Wood house, &c., and an excellent well of pure water, bounded westerly on Spring street, which leads to the Western Avenue and extending easterly to within thirty feet of the Boston and Providence Rail Roads. The distance is within 2 1/2 miles of Boston. The North part of the premises is elevated above the rest of the Land, of the best quality, covered with many clumps of fine trees. That part which bounds on the streets is ornamented with Red Maples. This estate is so well known as once belonging to one and occupied for many years by Samuel Waitt, Esq., deceased, that a further description would be unnecessary. The premises may be viewed any day from this time to the day of sale.

Conditions like all, and will be made known at the time of sale. For further particulars, apply to JEREMIAH FITCH, Boston at No. 38 and 40 Central street, N. B.—A plan of the Premises may be seen at City Hall, Boston, May 3, 1836. episitm23

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET.

The Estate at the corner of Bedford and Lincoln Courts—Summer street. This Estate is susceptible of great improvement. It is 10 1/2 Lincoln and 52 on Bedford street, well calculated for shops in front, a Boarding House or Hotel, with plenty of land to make all the arrangements to such an establishment, and having on the street which will be the thoroughfare to that Worcester rail-road depot, the Lessee may make any alterations he may wish. There is an excellent well of water, cistern and aqueduct, on the premises. For further particulars apply to THOMAS ROBINSON, No 5 Exchange st., Ist fl., 2d fl., 3d fl., 4th fl., 5th fl., 6th fl., 7th fl., 8th fl., 9th fl., 10th fl., 11th fl., 12th fl., 13th fl., 14th fl., 15th fl., 16th fl., 17th fl., 18th fl., 19th fl., 20th fl., 21st fl., 22nd fl., 23rd fl., 24th fl., 25th fl., 26th fl., 27th fl., 28th fl., 29th fl., 30th fl., 31st fl., 32nd fl., 33rd fl., 34th fl., 35th fl., 36th fl., 37th fl., 38th fl., 39th fl., 40th fl., 41st fl., 42nd fl., 43rd fl., 44th fl., 45th fl., 46th fl., 47th fl., 48th fl., 49th fl., 50th fl., 51st fl., 52nd fl., 53rd fl., 54th fl., 55th fl., 56th fl., 57th fl., 58th fl., 59th fl., 60th fl., 61st fl., 62nd fl., 63rd fl., 64th fl., 65th fl., 66th fl., 67th fl., 68th fl., 69th fl., 70th fl., 71st fl., 72nd fl., 73rd fl., 74th fl., 75th fl., 76th fl., 77th fl., 78th fl., 79th fl., 80th fl., 81st fl., 82nd fl., 83rd fl., 84th fl., 85th fl., 86th fl., 87th fl., 88th fl., 89th fl., 90th fl., 91st fl., 92nd fl., 93rd fl., 94th fl., 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ELEGANT ENGLISH PERFUMERY.—JAS. & EDWARD ATKINSON, Perfumers, 28 Old Bond st., corner of Burlington Gardens, London, have supplied their Agent, J. A. DICKSON, 38 Cornhill, formerly Market street, with a valuable quantity of the following articles, which have generally approved.

EAHONABLE SOAPS.

White Hands.—Atkinson's Almond Soap—made from the purest Oil of Almonds—uniting all the softening qualities of the Almond with the detergent of the common Alkaline Soap.

Chapped Hands.—Camphor Soap—J. & E. A. recommend this soap as containing a greater quantity of Camphor than has hitherto been used in soaps. It possesses all the cooling and other good qualities of that well known article.

For Family Use.—Atkinson's old brown Windsor Soap.

Ambrosia Soap.—It is made from pure vegetable oil, and is equally mild as the almond, only differing from it in perfume and color—the latter being a light brown, and the perfume a combination of those most generally approved.

The above, with every other new and fashionable Soap and Shaving Cakes, are always ready for exportation, and an allowance can be given for packing.

Atkinson's Concentrated Essence of Lavender—prepared four times the strength of the best Lavender Water, freed from all the emperors of the spirit, and unsophisticated with the sickly admixture of musk, ambergris, &c. The superiority of this article to Lavender Water is, that it is much more powerful and fragrant—it is also much cheaper, as there is four times more perfume of the Essence for the money, than in the best Lavender water in use.

Atkinson's Vegetable Dye—changes red or grey hair on the head, and makes it auburn or black, so permanent that neither washing, perspiration, nor any other cause can in the least affect it.

Bear's Grease, for the growth of Hair.—This article is prepared from the animal in its native climate, it is known to possess more vivifying properties when so procured, than when the animal is in a domesticated state. It is of the finest quality, and is sent out without any admixture, except what is necessary to keep it in a fit condition for the growth of hair it is no doubt superior to any thing hitherto known. Also for dressing the hair it is very pleasant and useful—cleaning the head from dandruff, and making the hair beautifully soft and glossy.

Atkinson's Curling Fluid, or Vegetable Hair Oil—for dressing the Hair. This article has been very generally patronised for the last twenty years—and is considered an indispensable appendage to the hair, making it however long, soft and glossy as silk, and keeping it in curl in exercise or during weather.

Almond Shaving Paste—in very neat portable pots; a very elegant and excellent preparation for shaving.

Milk of Almonds.—The most elegant and efficacious cosmetic hitherto introduced. It is a great improvement to what has long been known as Milk of Roses. It removes freckles, redness, roughness, &c. from the skin, and gives it a brilliant clearness and whiteness.

Atkinson's Dentifrice.—For removing superfluous Hair on the Face, Neck, Arms, and with equal certainty and safety, leaving the skin softer and whiter than before the application.

Hudson's Botanic Tooth Powder and Tincture.—These Dentrifrices, which have so much attracted the attention of the Medical Profession, are remedies for all disorders of the mouth; they not merely cleanse and beautify the Teeth, but preserve them from decay. They make the teeth white, fast, even as are loofahs, eradicate the scurvy and tartar from the gums, and render them firm and of a healthy redness, and it uses regularly, will considerably extend the life of the teeth. They are entirely free of acid, and so innocent that a child may take the contents of a box of the Powder; and the Tincture is an excellent stomachic, and a certain remedy for the Toothache.

Hudson's Tooth Brushes—in sets of three—made on scientific principles, and warranted in bone and ivory.

Alta Ad Deos Mahomed's Dye—for changing the hair on the head, eyebrows or whiskers, to a permanent brown or black by one application, without staining the skin or the finest hair.

Caution.—Every article of James and Edward Atkinson's manufacture has their names and address distinct on the label, also—a small address stamp, similar to a patent medicine stamp, printed in colors.

INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE AND BILIOUS COMPLAINTS.—ANDERSON'S VEGETABLE ELIXIR, for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Jaundice and Bilious Complaints, weakness of the Stomach and Bowels, and consequent loss of appetite; nervous complaints, headache, sour stomach, flatulence and habitual costiveness.

This medicine is composed entire of vegetable substances is perfectly safe in its operation, and may be given to children or persons in the most delicate habit, without the least risk of inconvenience.

The uniform success which has attended the use of it where it has been extensively used, in Boston and various other parts of the United States, and in the West Indies, attested by distinguished and highly respectable persons, affords next to a trial of the medicine itself, the best commentary upon its virtues, and the best recommendation which can be offered to those who are unacquainted with it.

EDWARD KELLY, a young man from a gentleman in Boston, who had suffered severely from Indigestion for three years. During this time, I suffered very much from mental depression, constant pain in the head and breast, and side, sharp shooting pain over almost the whole system—the food that I ate seemed to pass into my lungs and there remain, giving me great pain attended with a strong degree of heat. At times, I suffered so much from the pain of indigestion as to be confined to the bed for two or three days. During one of these most severe attacks I was induced to call a friend to try our Vegetable Medicine. In the course of a few days I found myself much better, and by the time I had taken two bottles, considered myself wholly free from the complaint. I continue, on the least feeling of any thing like indigestion or pressure on the stomach, to take about a table spoonful of it, which, in the course of a few hours completely restores me. It has had with me a very wonderful effect, in strengthening the stomach and invigorating the whole system, and judging by my own case, I consider it in all cases connected with the digestive organs, a most valuable medicine.

It has been singularly efficacious in cases of the most obstinate headache.

It is put up in large bottles containing a pound and a half and sold at **seventy-five cents each**, by Jonathan P. Hall, Jr., No. 1, Union street, John P. Whitwell, Milk street, John L. Brown, near Boylston Market, Erastus S. Holden, near the Western Avenue, Richard A. Newell, Summer street, Boston; Samuel Kidder & Co., Charlestown, E. G. Lemon, Roxbury, 18 copyt;

IRON FOUNDRY.—The subscriber informs his friends and the public that he has lately purchased of the West Boston Iron Foundry Company, all the property of the said concern—in addition to which he has erected a commodious building with all the necessary conveniences of carrying on the business in all its branches—that he is now ready to receive orders for Castings of any description, large or small, such as Steam Engines, Cotton and Wool Machinery, Mill Gearing, Pulleys, Water-wheels, &c. &c.—He intends to have contractors, who are employed for making, altering, and repairing patterns to order.

All orders and communications for the subscriber, left at Leavitt & Bates's, No 19 Union street, or at the Foundry, Bridge street, near Cambridge Bridge, will receive immediate attention.

Orders solicited and punctually executed.

T. R. HURLBERT.

PURE WINTER, AND FALL STRAINED SULPHUR OIL.—For family use—put up in tin cans, and sent to any part of the city free of charge, by WILLIAM B. OLIVER, No 19 Union street.

JOHN G. WYMAN, 71 Washington street, has just received direct from London and Paris, his Spring and Summer goods and Fashions consisting of a great variety of Vests and Pantaloons—stuffs—entire new patterns, such as Plain, striped, ribbed, &c.—also a great variety of shades of the most fashionable colors—such as Summer Cloth for Dress Coats and Frock—also, one case of Gentlemen's London Morning Gowns, and one Case of Travelling Shirts.

FINANCIAL AGENCY.—A Constituent Office of the Union Agency, Washington City, D. C.—Depository of Foreign Capital, and National Exchange and Loan Office.

All paper bearing the indorsement seal of the Financial Agency, either in London, Paris, Amsterdam, Madrid, Lisbon or Berlin, Austria, is exchanged at par value.

Notes and Orders of One Hundred Dollars or upwards, regularly endorsed according to the Official Reports of the Intelligence Agency.

Paper bearing the indorsement seal of the Financial Agency, in the City of Washington, will circulate at its value throughout the civilized world. GEO. K. MYERS, Secy.

18 T&F

BENJAMIN BAILEY, Engraver, has removed from his former room, 57 Washington street, and taken rooms over the store of Messrs Jones, Lows & Ball, 125 State street, at which place he most respectfully solicits the favors of his friends and the public generally.

Ornamental and plain professional and visiting Cards, an I all descriptions of Stamps and Seals neatly and promptly executed, on favorable terms.

copyt 2

No. 76, Washington Street. 21

LEAVEN CARPETINGS.—TABER & SMITH have received, per Ships Dalmatia, Medora and Argo, and now opening, a splendid assortment of

Brussels, and Carpets.

Woolen, Worsted, and Cotton, Table and Piano Covers—Bookings—Linen Floor Cloths—patent, oval, concave and flat Stair Rods, &c. &c. epox

20

CANDELABRAS.—Just received an invoice of Can-

debras—new and beautiful patterns, sit Broached and coppered—for sale by JONES, LOWS & BALL, 125 Wash-

ington street.

21

INDIA RUBBER GOODS. Wholesale and Retail—

No 19 Central street—up stairs.

129

HARDWARE, NAILS AND HOLLOWWARE.—RICE & LIVINGSTON, Nos 54 Kilby and 72, 20 & 24 Warren street, have received by the late arrivals from Liverpool, a very extensive assortment of

SHIEFFIELD & GIRMINGHAM HARDWARE, adapted to the Fall Trade, consisting in part of the following—

Cast Steel Knives and Forks Pen, Pocket, Shoe, Butch KNIVES.

er, Bread and Butter KNIVES.

Rodgers' and Butch RAZORS.

Silvers and Shears Cast Steel Pit, SAWs.

Cross Cut, Hand, SAWs.

and Iron Back Chisels and Gouges

Iron and Steel Needles

Smaller, Tea and Bread Trays

Steel Smoothers

Groves Goods, all kinds

Shoe and Nail Gimblets

Shoe Thread Box Rules

Box Compasses

Iron and Steel Squares

Copper Pans

Tenter Hooks & Rivets

Groves Cut Nails

Forks

Cutter Sifters

Cook Hoods and Scops

Iron Plain do Backstrap SHOVELS

Cast Steel do

Brick

do

Spades

do

LAWNS

do

HOES

do

Pronged

do

Sticks and Ink

Wax Paper

Whips

Booklets and Ink

Brass Straps

Brushes

Silver Pencil Cases

Brass Auditors

Wm Rowland's Philadelphia Mills

do

SAWS

do

STARS

do

SCREWS

do

SCREWS